In 2016, there were approximately 14,495 people living with HIV in Washington, DC. In 2017, 319 people were newly diagnosed with HIV. That is a rate of 2,460 people living with HIV per 100,000 people.

*Data not shown to protect privacy because of a small number of cases and/or a small population.

**State health department, per its HIV data re-release agreement with CDC, requested not to release data to AIDSVu. See Data Methods for more information.

NOTE: There are no county-level maps for Alaska, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico because there are no countries in these states.
**New HIV Diagnoses**

Number of new HIV diagnoses, 2017
319

Rate of new HIV diagnoses per 100,000 population, 2017
54

Percent of people newly diagnosed with HIV, by Sex, 2017
75.9% male | 24.1% female

Percent of people newly diagnosed with HIV, by Race/Ethnicity, 2017
73.0% Black | 12.2% Hispanic/Latinx | 11.0% White

Percent of people newly diagnosed with HIV, by Age, 2017
20.4% aged 13-24 | 37.6% aged 25-34 | 21.3% aged 35-44 | 9.7% aged 45-54 | 11.0% aged 55+

**HIV Mortality**

Number of deaths of people with HIV, 2016
238

Rate of deaths of people with HIV per 100,000 population, 2016
40

Percent of deaths of people with HIV, by Sex, 2016
72.7% male | 27.3% female

Percent of deaths of people with HIV, by Race/Ethnicity, 2016
85.7% Black | 3.4% Hispanic/Latinx | 7.1% White

Percent of deaths of people with HIV, by Age, 2016
0.8% aged 13-24 | 7.6% aged 25-34 | 10.1% aged 35-44 | 31.1% aged 45-54 | 50.4% aged 55+
PrEP (Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis)

Number of PrEP users, 2018
2,823

Rate of PrEP users per 100,000 population, 2018
468

Percent of PrEP users, by Sex, 2018
94.2% male | 5.3% female

Percent of PrEP users, by Age, 2018
7.5% aged 13-24 | 43.0% aged 25-34 | 25.6% aged 35-44 | 16.2% aged 45-54 | 8.7% aged 55+

Number of PrEP Users, 2012 - 2018

Number of PrEP Users
0 89 122 466 1,130 1,870 2,277 2,823
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018

Graph showing the increase in number of PrEP users from 2012 to 2018.
The 2018 PrEP-to-Need Ratio (PNR) is the ratio of the number of PrEP users in 2018 to the number of people newly diagnosed with HIV in 2017. PNR serves as a measurement for whether PrEP use appropriately reflects the need for HIV prevention. A lower PNR indicates more unmet need.

PNR, 2018
8.85

PNR, by Sex, 2018
10.99 male | 1.95 female

PNR, by Age, 2018
3.28 aged 13-24 | 10.13 aged 25-34 | 10.62 aged 35-44 | 14.74 aged 45-54 | 7.06 aged 55+

PNR, 2012-2018
**Demographics, 2016**

**TOTAL POPULATION**

684,336

**STATE POPULATION BY RACE/ETHNICITY**

- American Indian / Alaska Native (0.2%)
- Asian (4.0%)
- Black (46.2%)
- Hispanic / Latinx (10.9%)
- Native Hawaiian / Other Pacific Islander (0.0%)
- White (36.4%)
- Multiple Race (2.2%)
- Other* (0.1%)

*Includes other races/ethnicities or missing/suppressed data

**People living with HIV, 2016**

- Rate of People Living with HIV per 100,000 population:
  - State: 2,460.0
  - Region: 433.0
  - United States: 367.7

**People newly diagnosed with HIV, 2017**

- Rate of People Newly Diagnosed with HIV per 100,000 population:
  - State: 54.0
  - Region: 19.0
  - United States: 14.0
HIV Prevalence Rate Ratios, by Race/Ethnicity, 2016

- The rate of Black males living with an HIV diagnosis is 3.0 times that of White males.
- The rate of Hispanic/Latino males living with an HIV diagnosis is 1.7 times that of White males.
- The rate of Black females living with an HIV diagnosis is 31.6 times that of White females.
- The rate of Hispanic/Latina females living with an HIV diagnosis is 6.0 times that of White females.

AIDS Diagnoses Within 3 Months of Initial HIV Diagnosis, 2016

- In Washington, DC, 16.2% of people newly diagnosed with HIV were also diagnosed with AIDS, while 83.8% were diagnosed with HIV alone.
- In the United States, 21.3% of people newly diagnosed with HIV were also diagnosed with AIDS, while 78.7% were diagnosed with HIV alone.

People Living with HIV, by Transmission Category, 2016

- **Male Transmission Categories**
  - Injection Drug Use (10.6%)
  - Heterosexual Contact (12.6%)
  - Male-to-Male Sexual Contact (69.7%)
  - Male-to-Male Sexual Contact & Injection Drug Use (6.4%)
  - Other* (0.7%)

- **Female Transmission Categories**
  - Injection Drug Use (25.2%)
  - Heterosexual Contact (72.8%)
  - Other* (2.0%)

*Includes risk factor not reported or identified, along with hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal exposure, or missing/suppressed data

People Newly Diagnosed with HIV, by Transmission Category, 2017

- **Male Transmission Categories**
  - Injection Drug Use (2.1%)
  - Heterosexual Contact (11.9%)
  - Male-to-Male Sexual Contact (82.7%)
  - Male-to-Male Sexual Contact & Injection Drug Use (3.3%)

- **Female Transmission Categories**
  - Injection Drug Use (14.3%)
  - Heterosexual Contact (85.7%)

*Includes risk factor not reported or identified, along with hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal exposure, or missing/suppressed data
HIV Mortality Rates, 2014-2016

Age-adjusted Rates of Death Due to HIV per 100,000 Population, 2014-2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>10.3</td>
<td>12.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Region</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HIV Testing, 2017

These data represent 2017 weighted estimates of HIV testing prevalence by selected demographic characteristics, based on responses to the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) survey question, "Have you ever been tested for HIV?"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Overall</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>18-24</th>
<th>25-34</th>
<th>35-44</th>
<th>45-54</th>
<th>55-64</th>
<th>65+</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70.0%</td>
<td>70.3%</td>
<td>69.7%</td>
<td>62.4%</td>
<td>74.6%</td>
<td>80.0%</td>
<td>74.6%</td>
<td>75.5%</td>
<td>45.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Overall</th>
<th>White</th>
<th>Black</th>
<th>Hispanic/Latinx</th>
<th>Multiple Race</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70.0%</td>
<td>67.4%</td>
<td>77.3%</td>
<td>62.3%</td>
<td>84.8%</td>
<td>47.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Social determinants of health, 2016

### High School Education
- United States: 90.5%
- Region: 96.2%
- State: 97.5%

### Income Inequality
- United States: 0.382
- Region: 0.404
- State: 0.431

### Living in Poverty
- United States: 16.3%
- Region: 18.4%
- State: 21.0%

### Median Household Income
- United States: $74,093
- Region: $52,678
- State: $59,039

### Uninsured
- United States: 4.1%
- Region: 13.6%
- State: 8.6%

### HIV Federal Funding/Programs, Federal HIV/AIDS Grant Funding, FY 2016
- Centers for Disease Control & Prevention: $23,614,434
- Substance Abuse & Mental Health Services Administration: $3,659,525
- Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program: $57,763,621
- Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS: $11,107,054

**TOTAL FUNDING:** $96,144,634

### Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>Rates of Sexually Transmitted Disease per 100,000 Population, 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chlamydia</td>
<td>1,083.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gonorrhea</td>
<td>529.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Syphilis</td>
<td>166.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>8.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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