In 2016, there were approximately 20,085 people living with HIV in Louisiana. In 2017, 1,031 people were newly diagnosed with HIV.

That is a rate of 518 people living with HIV per 100,000 people.

*Data not shown to protect privacy because of a small number of cases and/or a small population.

**State health department, per its HIV data re-release agreement with CDC, requested not to release data to AIDSVu. See Data Methods for more information.

NOTE: There are no county-level maps for Alaska, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico because there are no countries in these states.
New HIV Diagnoses

Number of new HIV diagnoses, 2017
1,031

Rate of new HIV diagnoses per 100,000 population, 2017
27

Percent of people newly diagnosed with HIV, by Sex, 2017
75.9% male | 24.1% female

Percent of people newly diagnosed with HIV, by Race/Ethnicity, 2017
68.6% Black | 7.1% Hispanic/Latinx | 23.1% White

Percent of people newly diagnosed with HIV, by Age, 2017
24.2% aged 13-24 | 36.3% aged 25-34 | 17.3% aged 35-44 | 12.6% aged 45-54 | 9.6% aged 55+

Number of New HIV Diagnoses, 2008 - 2017

HIV Mortality

Number of deaths of people with HIV, 2016
407

Rate of deaths of people with HIV per 100,000 population, 2016
11

Percent of deaths of people with HIV, by Sex, 2016
71.7% male | 28.3% female

Percent of deaths of people with HIV, by Race/Ethnicity, 2016
72.5% Black | 2.0% Hispanic/Latinx | 24.1% White

Percent of deaths of people with HIV, by Age, 2016
1.2% aged 13-24 | 13.3% aged 25-34 | 17.7% aged 35-44 | 28.5% aged 45-54 | 39.3% aged 55+
PrEP (Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis)

Number of PrEP users, 2018
2,447

Rate of PrEP users per 100,000 population, 2018
63

Percent of PrEP users, by Sex, 2018
85.0% male | 16.2% female

Percent of PrEP users, by Age, 2018
17.9% aged 13-24 | 37.3% aged 25-34 | 24.5% aged 35-44 | 13.6% aged 45-54 | 7.3% aged 55+

Number of PrEP Users, 2012 - 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of PrEP Users</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>158</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>882</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>1,365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>2,447</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The 2018 PrEP-to-Need Ratio (PNR) is the ratio of the number of PrEP users in 2018 to the number of people newly diagnosed with HIV in 2017. PNR serves as a measurement for whether PrEP use appropriately reflects the need for HIV prevention. A lower PNR indicates more unmet need.

PNR, 2018
2.37

PNR, by Sex, 2018
2.66 male | 1.60 female

PNR, by Age, 2018
1.75 aged 13-24 | 2.44 aged 25-34 | 3.37 aged 35-44 | 2.56 aged 45-54 | 1.81 aged 55+
TOTAL POPULATION
4,686,157

STATE POPULATION BY RACE/ETHNICITY
- American Indian / Alaska Native (0.6%)
- Asian (1.8%)
- Black (32.1%)
- Hispanic / Latinx (5.1%)
- Native Hawaiian / Other Pacific Islander (0.0%)
- White (58.9%)
- Multiple Race (1.4%)
- Other* (0.1%)

*Includes other races/ethnicities or missing/suppressed data

People living with HIV, 2016
- Rate of People Living with HIV per 100,000 population
  - State: 518.0
  - Region: 433.0
  - United States: 367.7

People newly diagnosed with HIV, 2017
- Rate of People Newly Diagnosed with HIV per 100,000 population
  - State: 27.0
  - Region: 19.0
  - United States: 14.0
HIV Prevalence Rate Ratios, by Race/Ethnicity, 2016

The rate of Black males living with an HIV diagnosis is 4.4 times that of White males.

The rate of Hispanic/Latino males living with an HIV diagnosis is 2.1 times that of White males.

The rate of Black females living with an HIV diagnosis is 11.3 times that of White females.

The rate of Hispanic/Latina females living with an HIV diagnosis is 3.2 times that of White females.

AIDS Diagnoses Within 3 Months of Initial HIV Diagnosis, 2016

LOUISIANA

76.7%

23.3%

UNITED STATES

78.7%

21.3%

Diagnosed with AIDS

Diagnosed with HIV

People Living with HIV, by Transmission Category, 2016

Male Transmission Categories

- Injection Drug Use (8.9%)
- Heterosexual Contact (19.2%)
- Male-to-Male Sexual Contact (64.3%)
- Male-to-Male Sexual Contact & Injection Drug Use (6.9%)
- Other* (0.7%)

Female Transmission Categories

- Injection Drug Use (13.6%)
- Heterosexual Contact (84.5%)
- Male-to-Male Sexual Contact (9.1%)
- Other* (0.3%)

*Includes risk factor not reported or identified, along with hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal exposure, or missing/suppressed data

People Newly Diagnosed with HIV, by Transmission Category, 2017

Male Transmission Categories

- Injection Drug Use (5.1%)
- Heterosexual Contact (11.1%)
- Male-to-Male Sexual Contact (80.6%)
- Male-to-Male Sexual Contact & Injection Drug Use (3.1%)
- Other* (0.1%)

Female Transmission Categories

- Injection Drug Use (10.5%)
- Heterosexual Contact (89.1%)
- Other* (0.4%)

*Includes risk factor not reported or identified, along with hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal exposure, or missing/suppressed data
### HIV Mortality Rates, 2014-2016

Age-adjusted Rates of Death Due to HIV per 100,000 Population, 2014-2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Region</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### HIV Testing, 2017

These data represent 2017 weighted estimates of HIV testing prevalence by selected demographic characteristics, based on responses to the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) survey question, “Have you ever been tested for HIV?”

- **Overall**: 40.3%
- **By Sex**: Men - 38.5%, Women - 41.9%
- **By Age**: 18-24 - 37.4%, 25-34 - 56.0%, 35-44 - 63.3%, 45-54 - 45.2%, 55-64 - 31.8%, 65+ - 13.3%
- **By Race/Ethnicity**: White - 31.3%, Black - 58.9%, Hispanic/Latinx - 38.3%, Multiple Race - 61.4%, Other - 41.5%

### HIV Continuum of Care, 2016-2017

- **Late Diagnoses**: 22.7%
- **Linked to Care**: 88.4%
- **Receipt of Care**: 77.0%
- **Viral Suppression**: 82.5%

Diagnoses-based HIV Continuum Care, 2016 & 2017
Social determinants of health, 2016

### High School Education

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Region</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>84.4</td>
<td>86.2</td>
<td>87.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Income Inequality

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income Inequality (Gini Coefficient), 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.489</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Living in Poverty

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percent of Population Living in Poverty, 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Median Household Income

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Median Household Income, 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45,374</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Uninsured

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percent of Population Lacking Health Insurance, 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### HIV Federal Funding/Programs, Federal HIV/AIDS Grant Funding, FY 2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Centers for Disease Control &amp; Prevention:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$15,906,183</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance Abuse &amp; Mental Health Services Administration:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$2,428,559</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$38,031,097</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$7,753,381</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL FUNDING:** $64,119,220

### Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rates of Sexually Transmitted Disease per 100,000 Population, 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chlamydia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>679.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>145.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>