## Local Data: Jacksonville MSA (Baker County, Clay County, Duval County, Nassau County, and St. Johns County)

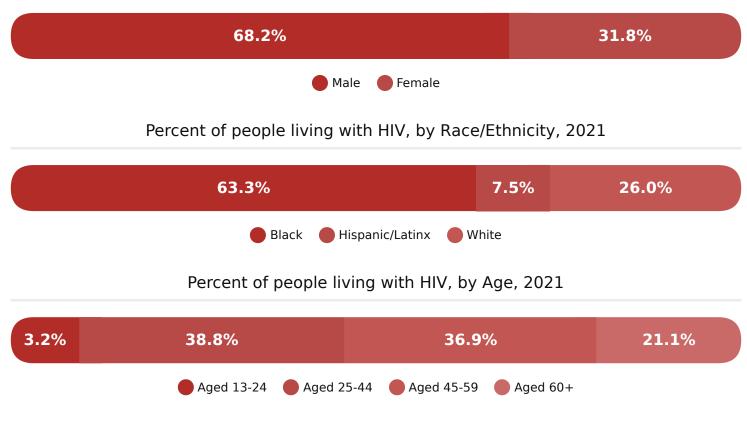
In 2021, there were 7,846 people living with HIV in Jacksonville MSA. In 2021, 314 people were newly diagnosed with HIV. Number of people living with HIV, 2021

#### 7,846

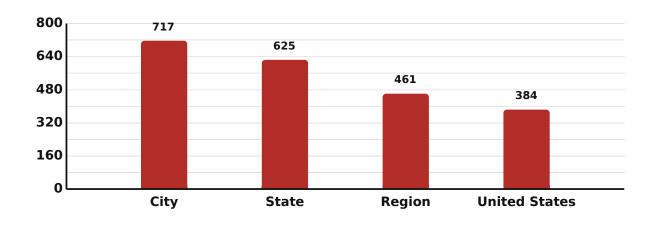
Rate of people living with HIV per 100,000 population, 2021

#### 717

#### Percent of people living with HIV, by Sex, 2021



Rate of people living with HIV per 100,000 population, by Geography, 2021



## New HIV Diagnoses

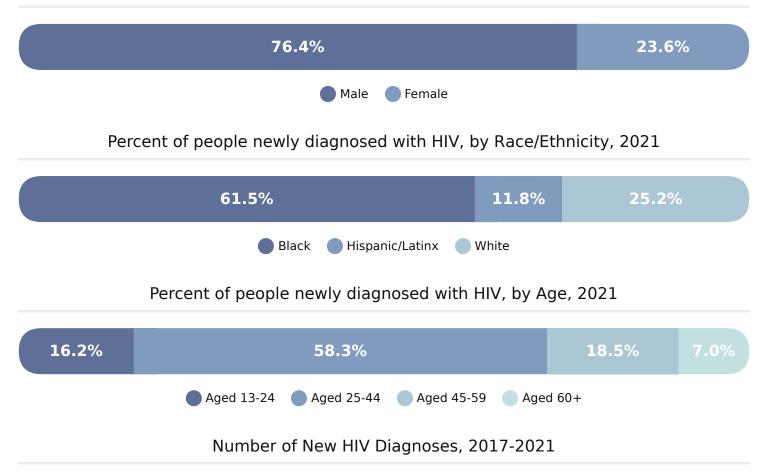
Number of new HIV diagnoses, 2021

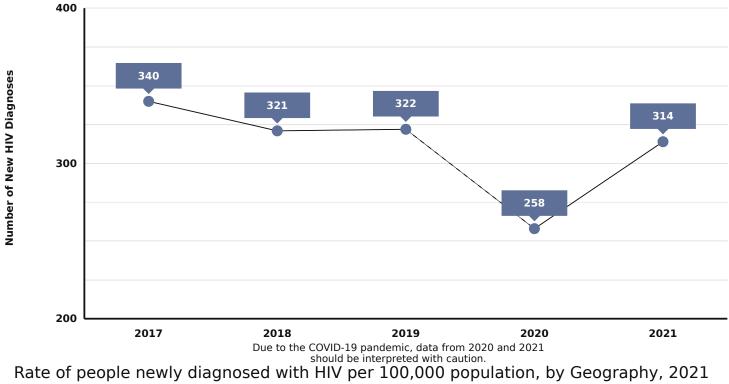
#### 314

Rate of new HIV diagnoses per 100,000 population, 2021

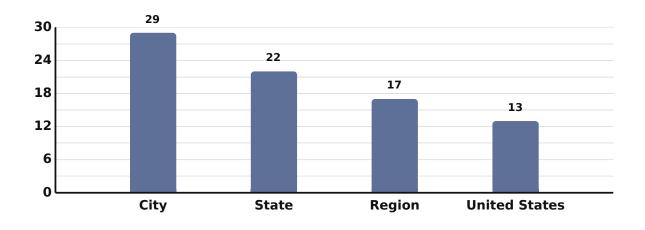
#### 29

Percent of people newly diagnosed with HIV, by Sex, 2021









## Late HIV Diagnoses

*A late HIV diagnosis is defined as having an AIDS diagnosis within three months of initial HIV diagnosis.* 

Number of new HIV diagnoses that were diagnosed late, 2021

#### 72

Proportion of people with a late HIV diagnosis, by Sex, 2021 Male: 23.3% Female: 21.6%

Proportion of people with a late HIV diagnosis, by Race/Ethnicity, 2021 Black: 23.8% Hispanic/Latinx: 13.5% White: 24.1%

Percent of new HIV diagnoses that were diagnosed late, 2021

#### **22.9%**

Proportion of people with a late HIV diagnosis, by Age, 2021 Aged 13-24: 9.8% Aged 25-44: 20.2% Aged 45-59: 39.7% Aged 60+: 31.8%

## Linked to HIV Care

*Linkage to care is defined as having a visit with a health care provider and getting a CD4 or viral load test within one month of being diagnosed with HIV.* 

Number of people diagnosed with HIV and linked to HIV care, 2021

#### 232

Proportion of people linked to HIV care, by Sex, 2021 Male: 76.7% Female: 64.9%

Proportion of people linked to HIV care, by Race/Ethnicity, 2021 Black: 72.0% Hispanic/Latinx: 78.4% White: 75.9%

Percent of people diagnosed with HIV and linked to HIV care, 2021

#### 73.9%

Proportion of people linked to HIV care, by Age, 2021 Aged 13-24: 58.8% Aged 25-44: 75.4% Aged 45-59: 75.9% Aged 60+: 86.4%

## Receipt of HIV Care

Receipt of HIV care is defined as those living with diagnosed HIV who received medical care for HIV and had at least one CD4 count or HIV viral load test in that year.

Number of people living with HIV who received HIV care, 2021 5,979

Proportion of people who received HIV care, by Sex, 2021 Male: 82.5% Female: 82.0%

Proportion of people who received HIV care, by Race/Ethnicity, 2021 Black: 81.9% Hispanic/Latinx: 77.1% White: 84.5%

Percent of people living with HIV who received HIV care, 2021

#### 82.3%

Proportion of people who received HIV care, by Age, 2021 Aged 13-24: 78.3% Aged 25-44: 78.5% Aged 45-59: 83.8% Aged 60+: 87.1%

## Viral Suppression

*Viral suppression is defined as those living with diagnosed HIV who had suppressed HIV viral load (<200 copies/mL).* 

Number of people living with HIV who were virally suppressed, 2021

## 5,045

Proportion of people who were virally suppressed, by Sex, 2021

Male: 64.5% Female: 63.9%

Proportion of people who were virally suppressed, by Race/Ethnicity, 2021 Black: 61.7% Hispanic/Latinx: 61.7% White: 70.7%

Percent of people living with HIV who were virally suppressed, 2021

#### **64.3%**

Proportion of people who were virally suppressed, by Age, 2021

Aged 13-24: 49.8% Aged 25-44: 55.3% Aged 45-59: 68.4% Aged 60+: 75.8% Number of deaths of people living with HIV in Jacksonville MSA, 2021 **168** 

Number of deaths of people living with HIV in Florida, 2021

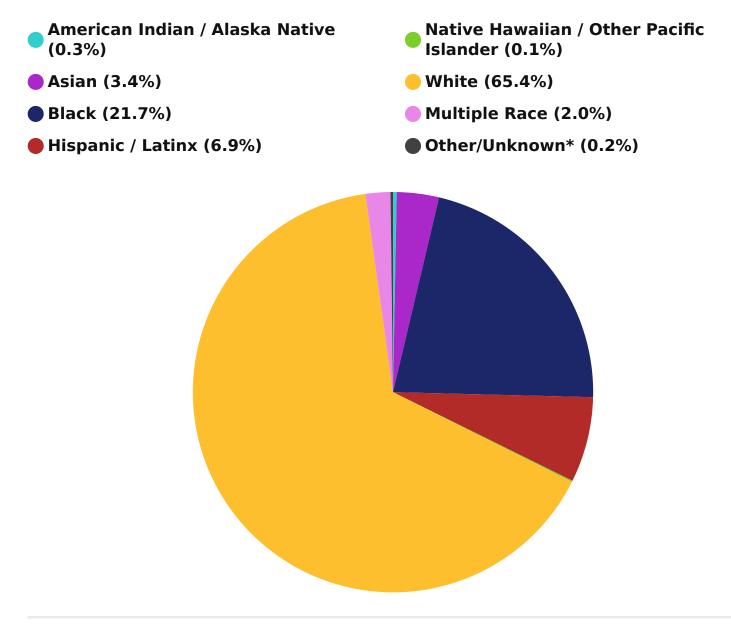
2,429

## Demographics, 2010

**Total Population** 

## 1,318,231

## **City Population by Race/Ethnicity**



\*Includes other races/ethnicities or missing/suppressed data

## HIV Prevalence Rate Ratios, by Race/Ethnicity, 2021

The rate of **Black males** living with an HIV diagnosis is 6.6 times that of **White males**.

The rate of **Hispanic/Latino males** living with an HIV diagnosis is 2.8 times that of **White males**.

The rate of **Black females** living with an HIV diagnosis is 14.2 times that of **White females**.

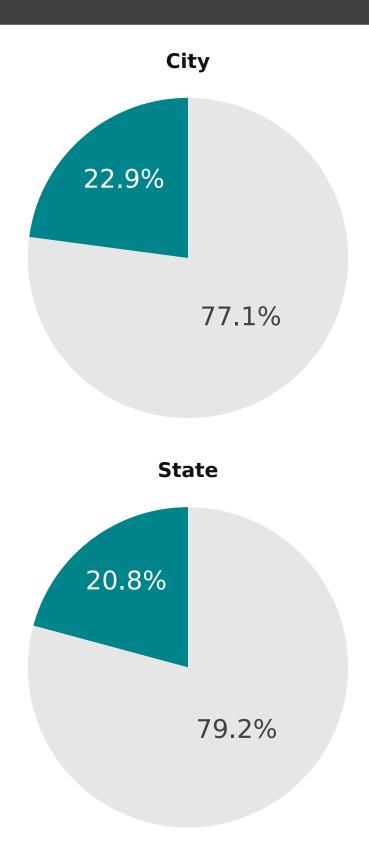
The rate of **Hispanic/Latina females** living with an HIV diagnosis is 3.8 times that of **White females**.

## Number of Transgender People Living with HIV, 2021

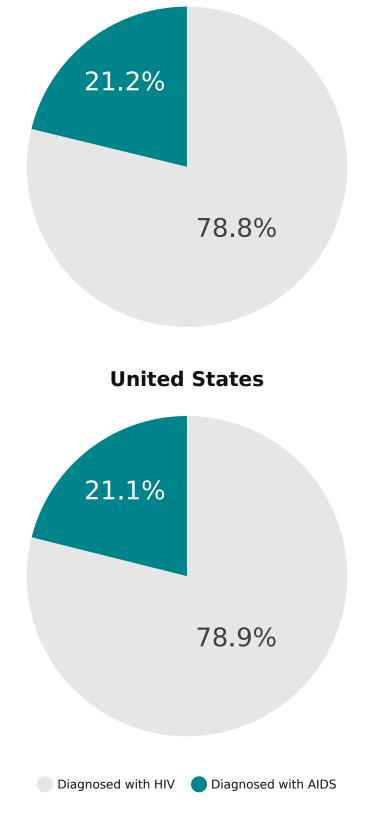
Male to Female

## Late HIV Diagnoses, 2021

*A late HIV diagnosis is defined as having an AIDS diagnosis within three months of initial HIV diagnosis.* 



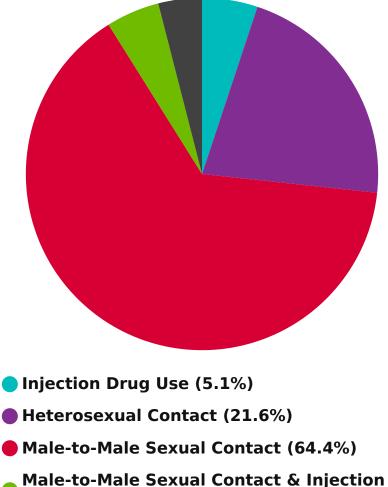
Region



## People Living with HIV, by Transmission Category, 2021

## Percent of People Living with HIV, by Transmission Category, 2021

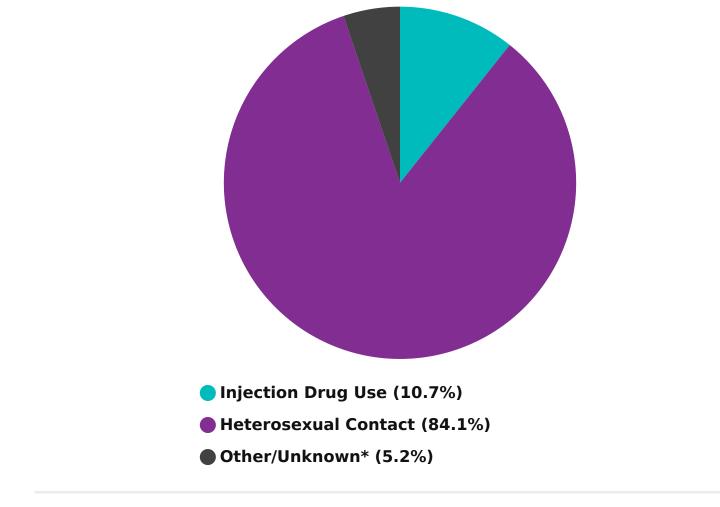
#### **Male Transmission Categories**



Male-to-Male Sexual Contact & Injection Drug Use (4.9%)

Other/Unknown\* (4.0%)

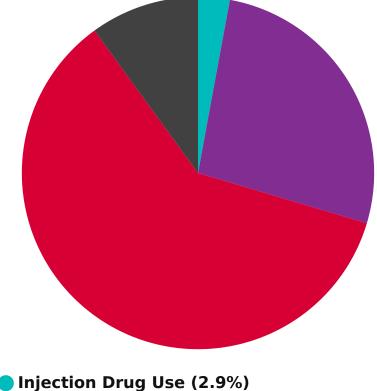
#### **Female Transmission Categories**



\*Includes risk factor not reported or identified, along with hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal exposure, or missing/suppressed data.

# People Newly Diagnosed with HIV, by Transmission Category, 2021

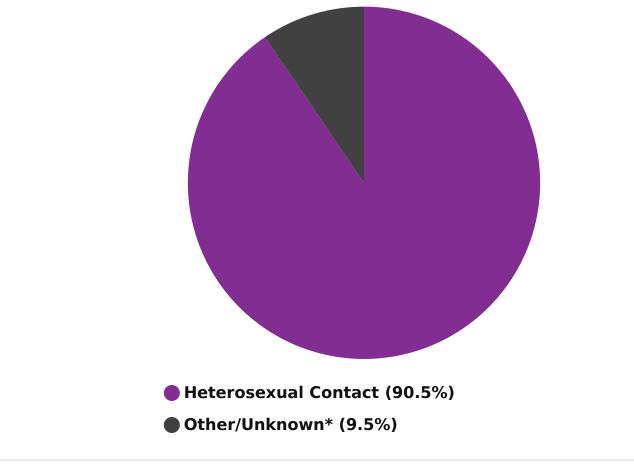
## Percent of People Newly Diagnosed with HIV, by Transmission Category, 2021



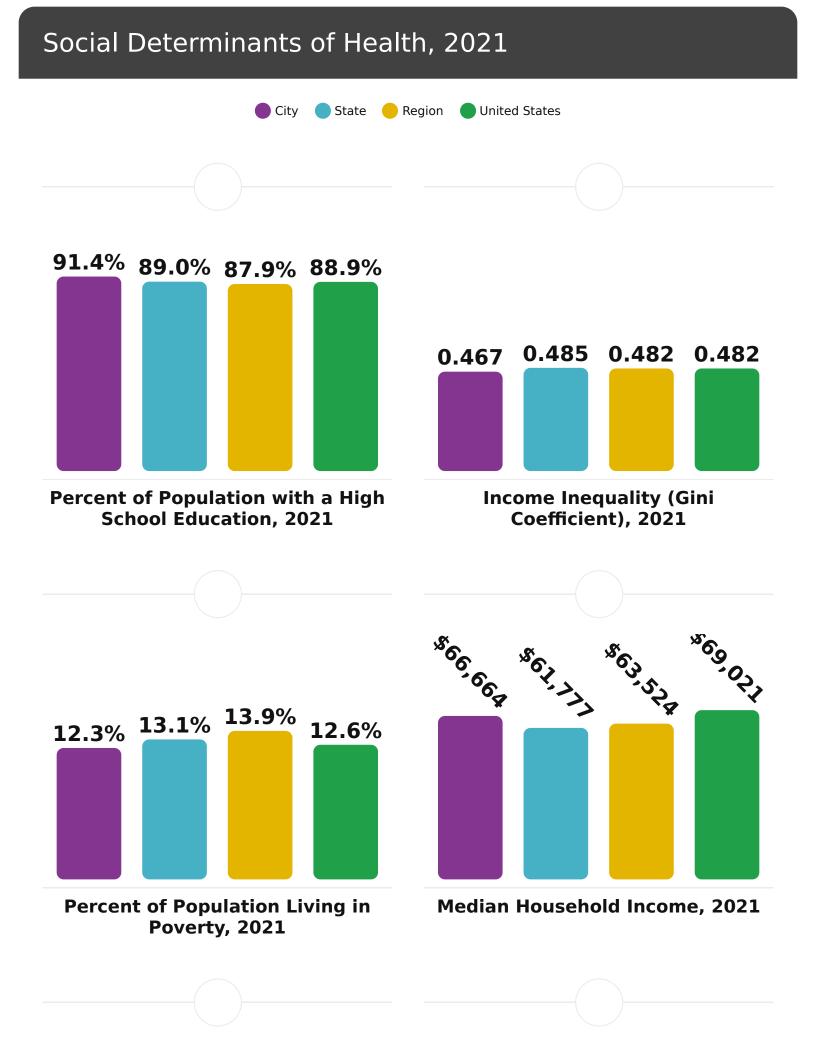
#### **Male Transmission Categories**

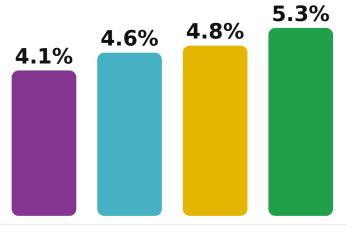
- Injection Drug Use (2.5%)
- Heterosexual Contact (26.7%)
- Male-to-Male Sexual Contact (60.4%)
- Other/Unknown\* (10.0%)

#### **Female Transmission Categories**

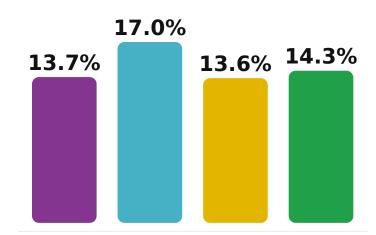


\*Includes risk factor not reported or identified, along with hemophilia, blood transfusion, perinatal exposure, or missing/suppressed data.





Percent of Population Unemployed, 2021



Percent of Population Living in Unstable Housing, 2021

AIDSVu is presented by the Rollins School of Public Health at Emory University in partnership with Gilead Sciences, Inc.

